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(4-Ethenylphenyl)diphenylphosphine selenide

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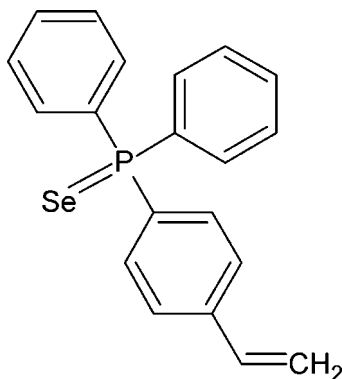
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.024; wR factor = 0.063; data-to-parameter ratio = 20.9.

In the title molecule, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{17}\text{PSe}$, the P atom has a distorted tetrahedral environment resulting in an effective cone angle of 165° . The benzene ring makes dihedral angles of 70.04 (8) and 77.28 (8) $^\circ$ with the phenyl rings, while the dihedral angle between the phenyl rings is 62.95 (8) $^\circ$. In the crystal, molecules are linked by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions.

Related literature

For background to our investigation of the steric and electronic effects of group 15 ligands, see: Roodt *et al.* (2003); Muller *et al.* (2006, 2008). For background to cone angles, see: Buntzen *et al.* (2002); Tolman (1977); Otto (2001).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{17}\text{PSe}$
 $M_r = 367.27$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

$a = 10.5310$ (7) Å
 $b = 11.1477$ (7) Å
 $c = 17.2187$ (9) Å

$\beta = 124.562$ (3) $^\circ$
 $V = 1664.66$ (18) Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 2.35$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100$ K
 $0.3 \times 0.25 \times 0.13$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEX DUO 4K-CCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2008)
 $T_{\min} = 0.526$, $T_{\max} = 0.737$

20089 measured reflections
 4166 independent reflections
 3921 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.024$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.063$
 $S = 1.03$
 4166 reflections

199 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 1.37$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.41$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, $^\circ$).

Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the C1–C6 and C15–C20 rings, respectively.

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C18}-\text{H18}\cdots\text{Cg1}^{\text{i}}$	0.95	2.62	3.383 (2)	137
$\text{C3}-\text{H3}\cdots\text{Cg2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.95	2.88	3.5889 (19)	133
$\text{C12}-\text{H12}\cdots\text{Cg2}^{\text{iii}}$	0.95	2.85	3.614 (2)	138

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y - \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (iii) $x + 1, -y - \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2011); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2008); data reduction: SAINT and XPREP (Bruker, 2008); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: DIAMOND (Brandenburg & Putz, 2005); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: IS5175).

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supplementary materials

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(4-Ethenylphenyl)diphenylphosphine selenide**Zanele H. Phasha, Sizwe Makhoba and Alfred Muller****Comment**

Various techniques such as crystallography, multi nuclear NMR and IR have been used to extensively study the transition metal phosphorous bond (Roodt *et al.*, 2003). As part of this systematic investigation we have extended this study to selenium derivatives of the phosphorus ligands (see Muller *et al.*, 2008). This way there is no steric crowding effect, albeit crystal packing effects, as normally found in transition metal complexes with bulky ligands, *e.g.* in *trans*-[Rh(CO)Cl{P(OC₆H₅)₃}₂] cone angles variation from 156° to 167° was observed for the two phosphite ligands (Muller *et al.*, 2006). The ¹J(³¹P-⁷⁷Se) coupling can also be used as an additional probe to obtain more information regarding the nature of the phosphorous bond. Reported as part of the above continuing study, the single-crystal structure of the phosphorus containing compound, SePPh₂(4-C₂H₃-C₆H₄), where Ph = C₆H₅ and 4-C₂H₃-C₆H₄ = 4-vinylbenzene, is reported here.

The title compound (Fig. 1) adopts a distorted tetrahedral arrangement about the P atom with average C—P—C and Se—P—C angles of 105.74 and 112.98°, respectively. Describing the steric demand of phosphine ligands has been the topic of many studies and a variety of models have been developed (Bunten *et al.*, 2002). Of these the Tolman cone angle (Tolman, 1977) is still the most commonly used model. Applying this model to the geometry obtained for the title compound (and adjusting the Se—P bond distance to 2.28 Å as described by Tolman), we calculated an effective cone angle from the geometry found in the crystal structure of 165° (Otto, 2001). Intermolecular C—H⋯π interactions (Table 1 and Fig. 2) are observed in the crystal.

Experimental

Diphenylphosphino styrene and KSeCN were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich and used without purification. Eqimolar amounts of KSeCN (5.8 mg, 0.04 mmol) and the diphenylphosphino styrene (11.5 mg, 0.04 mmol) were dissolved in the minimum amounts of methanol (10 ml). The KSeCN solution was added drop wise (5 min.) to the phosphine solution with stirring at room temperature. The final solution was left to evaporate slowly until dry to give crystals suitable for a single-crystal X-ray study.

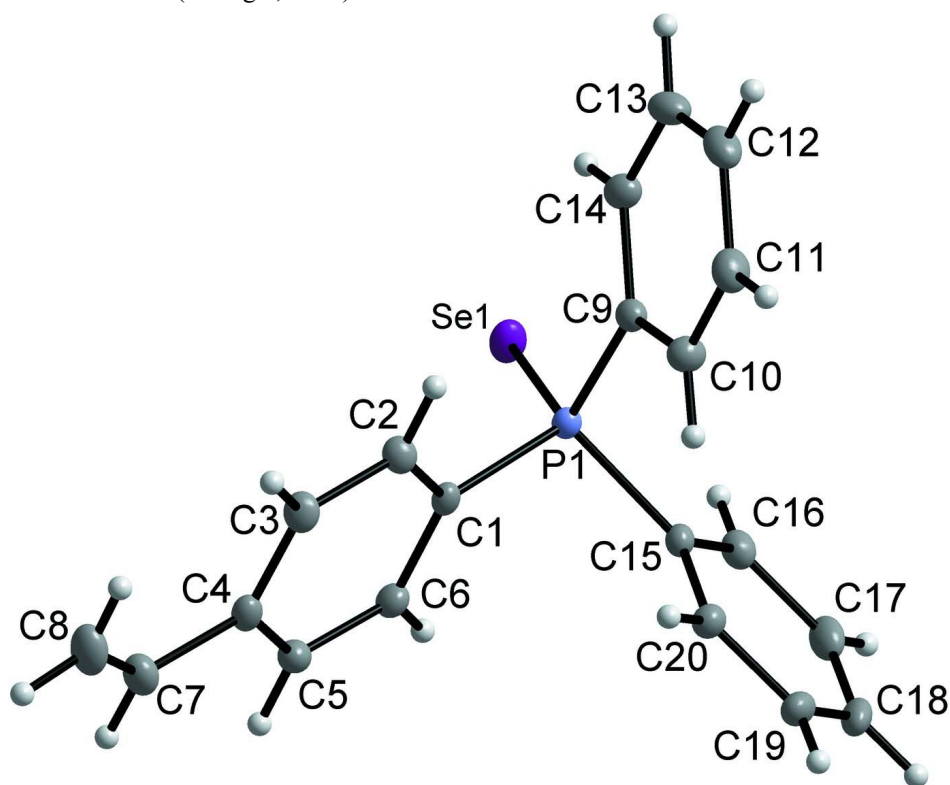
Analytical data: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): δ 7.74–7.68 (m, 6H), 7.45–7.42 (m, 8H), 6.75–6.68 (m, 1H), 5.82(d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.36 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C {¹H} NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 135.8, 116.7 (ethylene), 133.0, 132.9, 132.7, 132.6, 131.6, 128.6, 128.5, 126.3, 126.2 (Ar) ³¹P {¹H} NMR (CDCl₃, 161.99 MHz): δ = 34.71 (t, ¹J(³¹P-⁷⁷Se) = 729 Hz)

Refinement

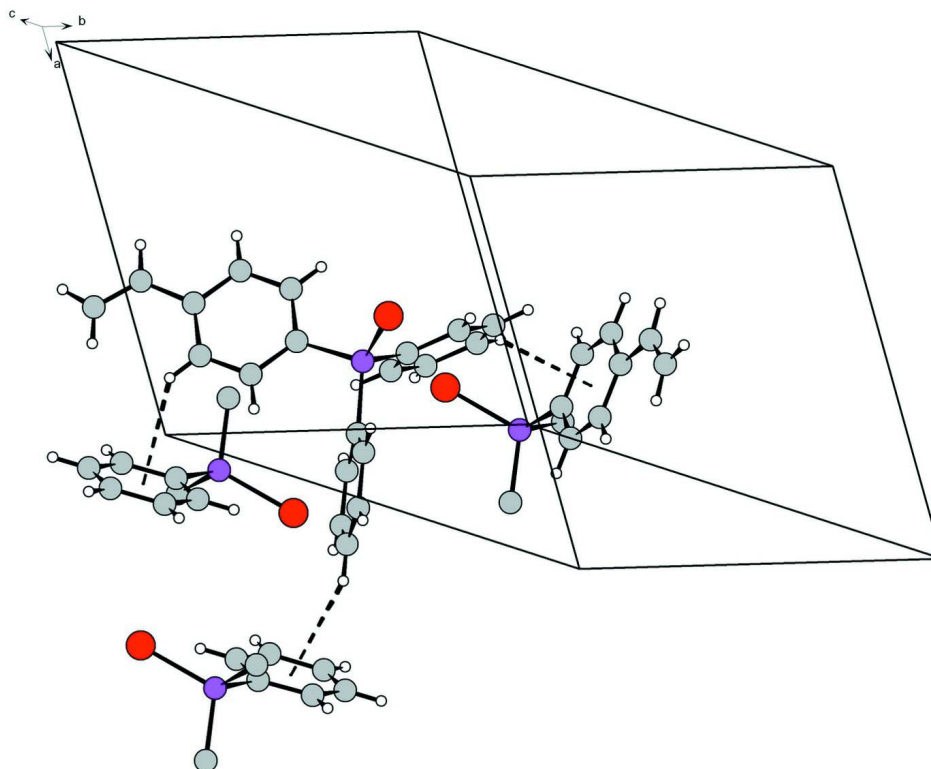
All hydrogen atoms were positioned in geometrically idealized positions with C—H = 0.95 Å (aromatic and methylene), and allowed to ride on their parent atoms with *U*_{iso}(H) = 1.2*U*_{eq}(C). The highest residual electron density of 1.37 e.Å⁻³ and the deepest hole of 0.41 e.Å⁻³ are both located within 1 Å from Se1. Both represent no physical meaning.

Computing details

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2011); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2008); data reduction: *SAINT* and *XPREP* (Bruker, 2008); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg & Putz, 2005); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

A packing diagram of the title compound, showing the C—H... π interactions.

(4-Ethenylphenyl)diphenylphosphine selenide

Crystal data

$C_{20}H_{17}PSe$

$M_r = 367.27$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2_1/c$

$a = 10.5310$ (7) Å

$b = 11.1477$ (7) Å

$c = 17.2187$ (9) Å

$\beta = 124.562$ (3)°

$V = 1664.66$ (18) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 744$

$D_x = 1.465$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 9906 reflections

$\theta = 2.5$ – 28.4 °

$\mu = 2.35$ mm⁻¹

$T = 100$ K

Plate, colourless

$0.3 \times 0.25 \times 0.13$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEX DUO 4K-CCD

diffractometer

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 8.4 pixels mm⁻¹

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2008)

$T_{\min} = 0.526$, $T_{\max} = 0.737$

20089 measured reflections

4166 independent reflections

3921 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$

$\theta_{\max} = 28.4$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 2.3$ °

$h = -14 \rightarrow 14$

$k = -14 \rightarrow 14$

$l = -16 \rightarrow 22$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.024$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.063$
 $S = 1.03$
 4166 reflections
 199 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.032P)^2 + 1.0912P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.002$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.37 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.41 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Experimental. The intensity data was collected on a Bruker Apex DUO 4 K CCD diffractometer using an exposure time of 1.5 s/frame. A total of 1478 frames were collected with a frame width of 0.5° covering up to $\theta = 28.40^\circ$ with 99.9% completeness accomplished.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.32208 (15)	0.17035 (12)	0.77818 (9)	0.0137 (2)
C2	0.42929 (16)	0.09481 (13)	0.85112 (10)	0.0168 (3)
H2	0.534	0.119	0.8916	0.02*
C3	0.38312 (16)	-0.01578 (13)	0.86458 (10)	0.0179 (3)
H3	0.4572	-0.0668	0.9139	0.021*
C4	0.22952 (17)	-0.05274 (12)	0.80657 (10)	0.0165 (3)
C5	0.12331 (16)	0.02363 (13)	0.73350 (10)	0.0178 (3)
H5	0.0186	-0.0005	0.693	0.021*
C6	0.16804 (16)	0.13364 (13)	0.71908 (10)	0.0165 (3)
H6	0.0942	0.1841	0.6691	0.02*
C7	0.17416 (18)	-0.16732 (13)	0.81962 (11)	0.0222 (3)
H7	0.0663	-0.1817	0.7798	0.027*
C8	0.2598 (2)	-0.25211 (14)	0.88126 (13)	0.0269 (3)
H8A	0.3683	-0.242	0.9226	0.032*
H8B	0.2129	-0.3232	0.8842	0.032*
C9	0.58097 (15)	0.32505 (12)	0.83389 (9)	0.0151 (2)
C10	0.66759 (16)	0.24875 (14)	0.81638 (10)	0.0198 (3)
H10	0.6167	0.1951	0.7644	0.024*
C11	0.82745 (17)	0.25109 (14)	0.87468 (11)	0.0226 (3)
H11	0.8857	0.1982	0.8631	0.027*
C12	0.90255 (17)	0.33079 (15)	0.95012 (11)	0.0242 (3)
H12	1.012	0.3324	0.99	0.029*
C13	0.81748 (18)	0.40761 (15)	0.96690 (11)	0.0243 (3)

H13	0.8689	0.4629	1.0178	0.029*
C14	0.65719 (17)	0.40446 (13)	0.90988 (10)	0.0195 (3)
H14	0.5996	0.4563	0.9227	0.023*
C15	0.30934 (15)	0.32151 (12)	0.63898 (9)	0.0148 (2)
C16	0.23401 (16)	0.42233 (13)	0.58296 (10)	0.0189 (3)
H16	0.2133	0.4892	0.6084	0.023*
C17	0.18938 (18)	0.42445 (15)	0.48962 (11)	0.0238 (3)
H17	0.1383	0.4929	0.4515	0.029*
C18	0.21944 (18)	0.32687 (15)	0.45237 (11)	0.0241 (3)
H18	0.1895	0.3289	0.3889	0.029*
C19	0.29308 (17)	0.22632 (14)	0.50744 (10)	0.0216 (3)
H19	0.3136	0.1597	0.4817	0.026*
C20	0.33703 (16)	0.22300 (13)	0.60052 (10)	0.0177 (3)
H20	0.3859	0.1535	0.6379	0.021*
P1	0.37156 (4)	0.31925 (3)	0.76149 (2)	0.01286 (8)
Se1	0.270418 (17)	0.457326 (12)	0.793367 (11)	0.01969 (6)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0185 (6)	0.0122 (6)	0.0146 (6)	-0.0004 (5)	0.0119 (5)	-0.0007 (5)
C2	0.0169 (6)	0.0158 (6)	0.0193 (6)	0.0008 (5)	0.0113 (5)	0.0007 (5)
C3	0.0205 (6)	0.0144 (6)	0.0207 (7)	0.0033 (5)	0.0130 (6)	0.0033 (5)
C4	0.0233 (7)	0.0135 (6)	0.0183 (7)	-0.0012 (5)	0.0152 (6)	-0.0012 (5)
C5	0.0188 (6)	0.0190 (7)	0.0160 (6)	-0.0039 (5)	0.0102 (5)	-0.0018 (5)
C6	0.0195 (6)	0.0165 (6)	0.0135 (6)	-0.0002 (5)	0.0094 (5)	0.0010 (5)
C7	0.0278 (7)	0.0178 (7)	0.0266 (8)	-0.0043 (6)	0.0187 (6)	-0.0013 (6)
C8	0.0375 (9)	0.0177 (7)	0.0359 (9)	-0.0010 (6)	0.0271 (8)	0.0024 (6)
C9	0.0162 (6)	0.0147 (6)	0.0138 (6)	-0.0016 (5)	0.0082 (5)	0.0012 (5)
C10	0.0187 (6)	0.0215 (7)	0.0192 (7)	-0.0013 (5)	0.0108 (6)	-0.0024 (5)
C11	0.0188 (7)	0.0267 (8)	0.0235 (7)	0.0011 (6)	0.0127 (6)	0.0033 (6)
C12	0.0172 (6)	0.0288 (8)	0.0204 (7)	-0.0038 (6)	0.0070 (6)	0.0061 (6)
C13	0.0250 (7)	0.0234 (7)	0.0172 (7)	-0.0081 (6)	0.0074 (6)	-0.0018 (6)
C14	0.0236 (7)	0.0165 (6)	0.0170 (7)	-0.0024 (5)	0.0107 (6)	-0.0003 (5)
C15	0.0155 (6)	0.0165 (6)	0.0137 (6)	-0.0023 (5)	0.0091 (5)	0.0004 (5)
C16	0.0179 (6)	0.0190 (7)	0.0194 (7)	-0.0011 (5)	0.0103 (5)	0.0029 (5)
C17	0.0214 (7)	0.0273 (8)	0.0189 (7)	-0.0022 (6)	0.0093 (6)	0.0081 (6)
C18	0.0236 (7)	0.0352 (9)	0.0140 (7)	-0.0090 (6)	0.0110 (6)	0.0006 (6)
C19	0.0241 (7)	0.0269 (7)	0.0179 (7)	-0.0074 (6)	0.0145 (6)	-0.0060 (6)
C20	0.0197 (6)	0.0192 (6)	0.0157 (6)	-0.0024 (5)	0.0108 (5)	-0.0014 (5)
P1	0.01563 (15)	0.01136 (15)	0.01348 (16)	-0.00006 (11)	0.00938 (13)	-0.00031 (12)
Se1	0.02669 (9)	0.01456 (8)	0.02525 (9)	0.00329 (5)	0.01918 (7)	-0.00012 (5)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C1—C2	1.3973 (19)	C11—C12	1.392 (2)
C1—C6	1.4005 (19)	C11—H11	0.95
C1—P1	1.8108 (14)	C12—C13	1.383 (2)
C2—C3	1.392 (2)	C12—H12	0.95
C2—H2	0.95	C13—C14	1.391 (2)

C3—C4	1.397 (2)	C13—H13	0.95
C3—H3	0.95	C14—H14	0.95
C4—C5	1.401 (2)	C15—C20	1.3959 (19)
C4—C7	1.4733 (19)	C15—C16	1.3981 (19)
C5—C6	1.3857 (19)	C15—P1	1.8198 (14)
C5—H5	0.95	C16—C17	1.396 (2)
C6—H6	0.95	C16—H16	0.95
C7—C8	1.322 (2)	C17—C18	1.388 (2)
C7—H7	0.95	C17—H17	0.95
C8—H8A	0.95	C18—C19	1.387 (2)
C8—H8B	0.95	C18—H18	0.95
C9—C14	1.396 (2)	C19—C20	1.394 (2)
C9—C10	1.399 (2)	C19—H19	0.95
C9—P1	1.8173 (14)	C20—H20	0.95
C10—C11	1.387 (2)	P1—Se1	2.1138 (4)
C10—H10	0.95		
C2—C1—C6	119.29 (12)	C13—C12—C11	119.86 (14)
C2—C1—P1	122.45 (10)	C13—C12—H12	120.1
C6—C1—P1	118.13 (10)	C11—C12—H12	120.1
C3—C2—C1	120.20 (13)	C12—C13—C14	120.49 (14)
C3—C2—H2	119.9	C12—C13—H13	119.8
C1—C2—H2	119.9	C14—C13—H13	119.8
C2—C3—C4	120.95 (13)	C13—C14—C9	120.00 (14)
C2—C3—H3	119.5	C13—C14—H14	120
C4—C3—H3	119.5	C9—C14—H14	120
C3—C4—C5	118.28 (13)	C20—C15—C16	119.64 (13)
C3—C4—C7	123.00 (13)	C20—C15—P1	120.28 (10)
C5—C4—C7	118.72 (13)	C16—C15—P1	120.07 (11)
C6—C5—C4	121.30 (13)	C17—C16—C15	119.78 (14)
C6—C5—H5	119.4	C17—C16—H16	120.1
C4—C5—H5	119.4	C15—C16—H16	120.1
C5—C6—C1	119.98 (13)	C18—C17—C16	120.19 (14)
C5—C6—H6	120	C18—C17—H17	119.9
C1—C6—H6	120	C16—C17—H17	119.9
C8—C7—C4	126.41 (15)	C19—C18—C17	120.23 (14)
C8—C7—H7	116.8	C19—C18—H18	119.9
C4—C7—H7	116.8	C17—C18—H18	119.9
C7—C8—H8A	120	C18—C19—C20	119.99 (14)
C7—C8—H8B	120	C18—C19—H19	120
H8A—C8—H8B	120	C20—C19—H19	120
C14—C9—C10	119.27 (13)	C19—C20—C15	120.14 (14)
C14—C9—P1	119.62 (11)	C19—C20—H20	119.9
C10—C9—P1	121.08 (11)	C15—C20—H20	119.9
C11—C10—C9	120.29 (14)	C1—P1—C9	105.68 (6)
C11—C10—H10	119.9	C1—P1—C15	104.47 (6)
C9—C10—H10	119.9	C9—P1—C15	107.07 (6)
C10—C11—C12	120.08 (14)	C1—P1—Se1	113.17 (4)
C10—C11—H11	120	C9—P1—Se1	112.96 (5)

C12—C11—H11	120	C15—P1—Se1	112.82 (5)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.1 (2)	C16—C17—C18—C19	0.4 (2)
P1—C1—C2—C3	175.86 (11)	C17—C18—C19—C20	0.1 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.7 (2)	C18—C19—C20—C15	-1.0 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.9 (2)	C16—C15—C20—C19	1.5 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C7	-178.22 (14)	P1—C15—C20—C19	-178.21 (11)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.6 (2)	C2—C1—P1—C9	14.26 (13)
C7—C4—C5—C6	178.61 (13)	C6—C1—P1—C9	-169.95 (11)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.0 (2)	C2—C1—P1—C15	127.04 (12)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.2 (2)	C6—C1—P1—C15	-57.17 (12)
P1—C1—C6—C5	-175.69 (11)	C2—C1—P1—Se1	-109.86 (11)
C3—C4—C7—C8	-4.9 (2)	C6—C1—P1—Se1	65.93 (11)
C5—C4—C7—C8	175.95 (16)	C14—C9—P1—C1	-115.72 (12)
C14—C9—C10—C11	0.8 (2)	C10—C9—P1—C1	62.47 (13)
P1—C9—C10—C11	-177.41 (11)	C14—C9—P1—C15	133.33 (11)
C9—C10—C11—C12	-1.0 (2)	C10—C9—P1—C15	-48.48 (13)
C10—C11—C12—C13	0.0 (2)	C14—C9—P1—Se1	8.54 (13)
C11—C12—C13—C14	1.1 (2)	C10—C9—P1—Se1	-173.27 (10)
C12—C13—C14—C9	-1.3 (2)	C20—C15—P1—C1	-42.60 (12)
C10—C9—C14—C13	0.4 (2)	C16—C15—P1—C1	137.66 (11)
P1—C9—C14—C13	178.59 (11)	C20—C15—P1—C9	69.18 (12)
C20—C15—C16—C17	-1.0 (2)	C16—C15—P1—C9	-110.55 (11)
P1—C15—C16—C17	178.70 (11)	C20—C15—P1—Se1	-165.94 (10)
C15—C16—C17—C18	0.1 (2)	C16—C15—P1—Se1	14.33 (12)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

*Cg*1 and *Cg*2 are the centroids of the C1—C6 and C15—C20 rings, respectively.

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
C18—H18... <i>Cg</i> 1 ⁱ	0.95	2.62	3.383 (2)	137
C3—H3... <i>Cg</i> 2 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.88	3.5889 (19)	133
C12—H12... <i>Cg</i> 2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.95	2.85	3.614 (2)	138

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y-1/2, z-3/2$; (ii) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+3/2$; (iii) $x+1, -y-1/2, z-1/2$.