

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ADB	African Development Bank
AEC	African Economic Community
AECI	African Explosive and Chemical Industries
AISA	Africa Institute of South Africa
ANC	African National Congress
BLS	Botswana Lesotho Swaziland
BPAC	Beira Port Advisory Committee
CDC	Common Development Corporation
CONSAS	Constellation of Southern African States
COCAS	Commission of Central African States
ECOWAS	Economic Community of West African States
EDB	European Development Bank
EDF	European Development Fund
EEC	European Economic Community
ESCOM	Electricity Supply Commission
FRELIMO	Frente para Libertação de Moçambique (Mozambique Liberation Front)
GNP	Gross National Product
GST	General Sales Tax
IMF	International Monetary Fund (IMF)
MPLA	People's Movement for the Liberation of Angola
NRZ	National Railways of Zimbabwe
OAU	Organisation of African Unity
OGIL	Open General and Import Licences
PAC	Pan Africanist Congress
PTA	Preferential Trade Area for Eastern and Southern Africa
PWV	Pretoria Witwatersrand Vereniging
RAU	Rand Afrikaans University
RSA	Republic of South Africa
SAB	South African Breweries
SACU	Southern African Customs Union
SADC	Southern African Development Community
SADCC	Southern African Development Coordination Conference
SADF	South African Defence Force
SWAPO	South West Africa People's Organisation
UDI	Unilateral Declaration of Independence (of Rhodesia)
UK	United Kingdom
UN	United Nations
UNECA	United Nations Economic Commission for Africa
UNISA	University of South Africa
UNITA	Union for the Total National Independence of Angola
USA	United States of America
ZAR	Zuid Afrikaansche Republiek
ZCCM	Zambia Consolidated Copper Mines

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Opsomming

Streeksintegrasie: 'n historiese analise van die Suid-Afrikaanse handelsverhoudinge met die SADCC, 1980-1989.

Die onafhanklike lande van die Suider-Afrikaanse streek het, sedert hul respektiewelike onafhanklikwording, besluit om geen politieke bande of verhoudinge met hul kragtige, suidelike buurman, Suid-Afrika, aan te knoop nie. Al hierdie lande het op politieke gebied daarin geslaag, behalwe Malawi. Op ekonomiese gebied, egter, en veral op die gebied van handelsverhoudinge, was hierdie frontlinie state nie suksesvol nie. In 'n poging om Suid-Afrika te isoleer, is 'n ekonomiese blok, die SADCC, op die been gebring.

Met die stigting van die SADCC in 1980, het die groep die vermindering van ekonomiese afhanklikheid van die Republiek van Suid-Afrika as hoofdoelwit gestel. Hierdie studie is 'n poging om die SADCC se suksesse en mislukkinge in hierdie verband te evalueer. Verder word probeer om die probleme wat die organisasie ondervind het in hul pogings ter bereiking van hierdie doelwit, binne die Suider-Afrikaanse geo-politieke omgewing, te ondersoek, veral in die lig van Suid-Afrika se vasbeslotenheid om regionale ekonomiese en politieke heerskappy te behou. Terselfdertyd poog die navorser om klem te lê op die deursettingsvermoë van SADCC lede om hul afhanklikheid van die Republiek te verminder – al was die resultaat in meeste gevalle gering.

Hierdie studie toon dat die ekonomiese realiteit van die Suider-Afrikaanse streek die politieke retoriek aan beide kante van die politieke spektrum ten volle oorheers het. Die aard van die handelsverhoudinge tussen die RSA en die SADCC ledelande is deurgaans deur strukturele kontraste en weersprekende feite gekompliseer.